3.1 Introduction

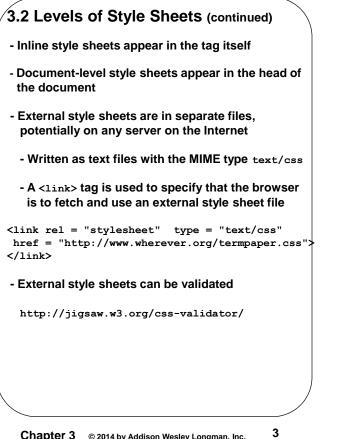
- The CSS1 specification was developed in 1996
- CSS2 was released in 1998 - CSS2.1 reflects browser implementations
- CSS3 is partially finished and parts are implemented in current browsers
- CSSs provide the means to control and change presentation of HTML documents
- CSS is not technically HTML, but can be embedded in HTML documents
- A style sheet is a syntactic mechanism for specifying style information
- Style sheets allow you to impose a standard style on a whole document, or even a whole collection of documents
- Style is specified for a tag by the values of its properties

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3.2 Levels of Style Sheets

- There are three levels of style sheets
- 1. Inline specified for a specific occurrence of a tag and apply only to that tag
- 2. Document-level style sheets apply to the whole document in which they appear
- 3. External style sheets can be applied to any number of documents
- When more than one style sheet applies to a specific tag in a document, the lowest level style sheet has precedence
 - In a sense, the browser searches for a style property spec, starting with inline, until it finds one (or there isn't one)



3.3 Style Specification Formats

- Format depends on the level of the style sheet
- Inline:
 - Style sheet appears as the value of the style attribute
 - General form:
 - style = "property_1: value_1; property 2: value 2;

...

- property_n: value_n"
- Document-level:
 - Style sheet appears as a list of rules that are the content of a <style> tag
 - The <style> tag must include the type attribute, set to "text/css"

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3.3 Style Specification Formats (continued)

- General form: <style type = "text/css"> rule list </style>
- Form of the rules: selector {list of property/values}
 - Each property/value pair has the form: property: value
 - Pairs are separated by semicolons, just as in the value of a <style> tag
- Comments in the rule list must have a different form - use C comments (/*...*/)
- External style sheets
- Form is a list of style rules, as in the content of a <style> tag for document-level style sheets

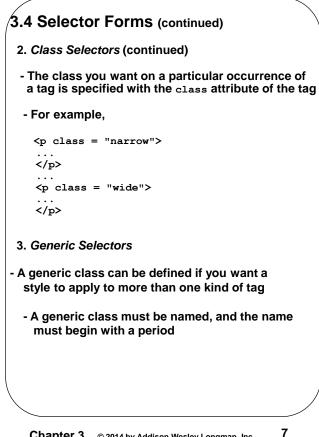
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3.4 Selector Forms

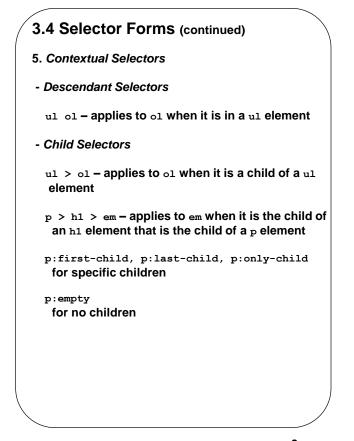
- 1. Simple Selector Forms
- The selector is a tag name or a list of tag names, separated by commas

 Examples:
 - h1, h3 p
- 2. Class Selectors
- Used to allow different occurrences of the same tag to use different style specifications
- A style class has a name, which is attached to a tag name
- For example,
- p.narrow {property/value list}
 p.wide {property/value list}



3.4 Selector Forms (continued) 3. Generic Selectors (continued) - Example, .sale { ... } - Use it as if it were a normal style class <h1 class = "sale"> Weekend Sale </h1> 4. id Selectors - An id selector allows the application of a style to one specific element - General form: #specific-id {property-value list} - Example: #section14 {...}

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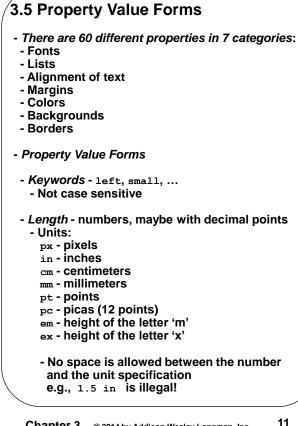


3.4 Selector Forms (continued)

6. Pseudo Classes

- Pseudo classes are styles that apply when something happens, rather than because the target element simply exists
- Names begin with colons
- hover classes apply when the mouse cursor is over the element
- focus classes apply when an element has focus
- link classes apply when a link has not been selected
- $\ensuremath{\texttt{visited}}$ classes apply when a link previously has been selected
- 7. Universal Selector
 - * {color: red;}
 Applies to all elements in the document

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3.5 Property Value Forms (continued)

- Percentage just a number followed immediately by a percent sign
- URL values - url (protocol://server/pathname)
- Colors
- Color name
- rab(n1, n2, n3)
- Numbers can be decimal or percentages - Hex form: #XXXXXX
- Property values are inherited by all nested tags, unless overriden

3.6 Font Properties

- font-family
 - Value is a list of font names browser uses the first in the list it has

- font-family: Arial, Helvetica, Futura

- Generic fonts: serif, sans-serif, cursive, fantasy, and monospace (defined in CSS) - Browser has a specific font for each
- If a font name has more than one word, it should be single-quoted

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3.6 Font Properties (continued)

- font-size

- Possible values: a length number or a name, such as smaller, xx-large, etc.
- Points or picas do not display the same
- Percentages and em are the best

- Font variants

- Default is normal, but can be set to small-caps
- font-style

- italic, oblique (USeless), normal

- font-weight - degrees of boldness

- bolder, lighter, bold, normal
- Could specify as a multiple of 100 (100 900)
- font (shorthand)
 - For specifying a list of font properties

font: bolder 14pt Arial Helvetica

- Order must be: style, weight, size, name(s)

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3.6 Font Properties (continued)

- → SHOW fonts.html and display → SHOW fonts2.html and styles.css and display
- The text-decoration property - line-through, overline, underline, none
- → SHOW decoration.html & display
- letter-spacing value is any length property value
- Text Spacing
 - letter-spacing property the amount of space between the letters in words – *tracking* Possible values: normal or any length value
 - Positive length values increase spacing
 - Negative length values decrease spacing
 - word-spacing property the amount of space between words
 Possible values – like those of letter-spacing
 - line-height property space between lines leading
 Possible values – a number, which is the number of times the font size, or a percentage

→ SHOW text_space.html and display

```
3.7 List properties
 -list-style-type
 - Unordered lists
   - Bullet can be a disc (default), a square, or a
    circle
   - Set it on either the  or  tag
     - On , it applies to all items in the list
 <h3> Some Common Single-Engine Aircraft </h3>
 Cessna Skyhawk 
     > Beechcraft Bonanza 
     > Piper Cherokee 
 - On >, list-style-type applies to just that
   item
 <h3> Some Common Single-Engine Aircraft </h3>
 style = "list-style-type: disc">
        Cessna Skyhawk 
    style = "list-style-type: square">
        Beechcraft Bonanza 
    style = "list-style-type: circle">
        Piper Cherokee
```

3.7 List properties (continued) Some Common Single-Engine Aircraft Cessna Skyhawk Beechcraft Bonanza Piper Cherokee Some Common Single-Engine Aircraft • Cessna Skyhawk Beechcraft Bonanza o Piper Cherokee 🗐 My Computer 🛃 Done - Could use an image for the bullets in an unordered list - Example: style = "list-style-image: url(bird.jpg)">

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3.7 List pro	<i>perties</i> (continue	d)
	s ts - list-style-typ he sequence values	
Property value	Sequence type	First four
decimal upper-alpha lower-alpha upper-roman lower-roman	Lc letters Uc Roman	1, 2, 3, 4 A, B, C, D a, b, c, d I, II, III, IV i, ii, iii, iv
	everal more, includi	U

3.8 Alignment of Text

- The text-indent property allows indentation
 - Takes either a length or a % value
- The text-align property has the possible values, left (the default), center, right, or justify
- Sometimes we want text to flow around another element - the float property
- The float property has the possible values, left, right, and none (the default)
- If we have an element we want on the right, with text flowing on its left, we use the default text-align value (left) for the text and the right value for float on the element we want on the right

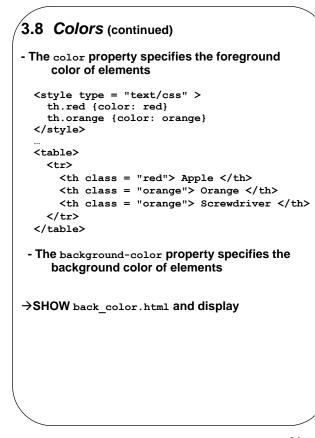
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3.8 Alignment of Text (continued) -- Some text with the default alignment - left This is a picture of a Cessna 210. The 210 is the flagship single-engine Cessna aircraft. Although the 210 began as a four-place aircraft, it soon acquired a third row of seats, stretching it to a six-place plane. The 210 is classified as a high performance airplane, which means its landing gear is retractable and its engine has more than 200 horsepower. In its first model year, which was 1960, the 210 was powered by a 260 horsepower fuel-injected six-cylinder engine that displaced 471 cubic inches. The 210 is the fastest single-engine airplane ever built by Cessna 19

3.9 Colors

- There are three color collections
- 1. There is a set of 17 colors that are guaranteed to be displayable by all graphical browsers on all color monitors
- 2. There are 147 named colors see Appx. B
- 3. There is a larger set, the Web Palette
- 216 colors
- Use hex color values of 00, 33, 66, 99, cc, and FF

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3.10 The Box Model

- Borders every element has a border-style property
- Controls whether the element has a border and if so, the style of the border
- border-style **Values:** none, dotted, dashed, **and** double
- border-width thin, medium (default), thick, or a length value in pixels
- Border width can be specified for any of the four borders (e.g., border-top-width)
- -border-color any color
- Border color can be specified for any of the four borders (e.g., border-top-color)
- Table borders and table cell borders
- To get cell borders: td, th {border: thin solid black}
- To get table borders: table {border: thin solid black}
- → SHOW borders.html and display

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3.10 The Box Model (continued)

- Margin the space between the border of an element and its neighbor element
- The margins around an element can be set with margin-left, etc. just assign them a length value
-

This is a picture of a Cessna 210. The 210 is the flagship single-engine Cessna arcraft. Although the 210 began as a four-place aircraft, it soon acquired a third row of seats, stretching it to a six-place plane. The 210 is classified as a high performance airplane, which means its landing gear is retractable and its engine has more than 200



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horsepower. In its first model year, which was 1960, the 210 was powered by a 260 horsepower fuel-injected six-cylinder engine that displaced 471 cubic inches. The 210 is the fastest single-engine airplane ever built by Cessna.

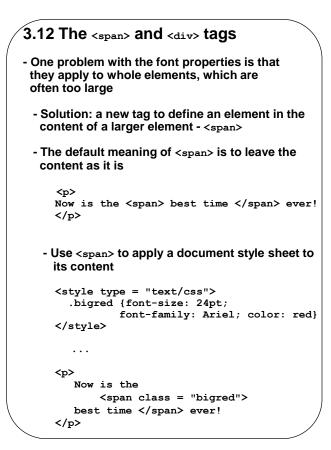
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3.10 The Box Model (continued)

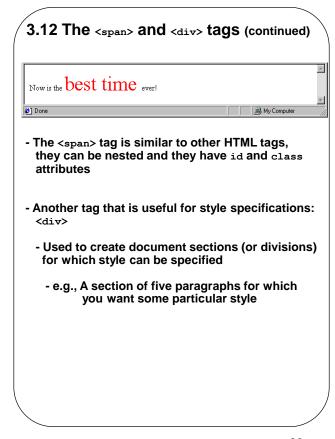
- Padding the distance between the content of an element and its border
- Controlled by padding, padding-left, etc.
- → SHOW marpads.html and display

3.11 Background Images

- The background-image property
- → SHOW back_image.html and display
- Repetition can be controlled
- background-repeat property
- Possible values: repeat (default), no-repeat, repeat-x, or repeat-y
- background-position property
- Possible values: top, center, bottom, left, Or right



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3.13 Conflict Resolution

- A conflict occurs when there are two or more values for the same property on the same element
- Sources of conflict:
- 1. Conflicting values between levels of style sheets
- 2. Within one style sheet
- 3. Inheritance can cause conflicts
- 4. Property values can come from style sheets written by the document author, the browser user, and the browser defaults
- Resolution mechanisms:
- 1. Precedence rules for the different levels of style sheets
- 2. Source of the property value
- 3. The specificity of the selector used to set the property value
- 4. Property value specifications can be marked to indicate their weight (importance)

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3.12 Conflict Resolution (continued)

- Weight is assigned to a property value by attaching !important to the value
- Conflict resolution is a multistage process, called *the cascade*:
- 1. Gather all of the style specs from the different levels of style sheets
- 2. All available specs, from all sources, are sorted by origin and weight, using the following rules, which are given in precedence order:
 - a. Important declarations with user origin
 - b. Important declarations with author origin
 - c. Normal declarations with author origin
 - d. Normal declarations with user origin
 - e. Any declarations with browser (or other user agent) origin

