

5.4 JavaScript Objects and Methods

JavaScript Objects and Properties

- Aggregate real world data types
- An object has properties and methods
 - Constructors for creating objects at run time
 - Accessing object properties
 - Accessing object methods

5.4.1 JavaScript Predefined Objects

images

arrays

strings

functions

documents

forms

frames

image

 image.width

 image.height

document.thisform.button

Creating Objects

```
var obj = new Object();
var today = new Date();
var point = new Object();
point.x = 10;
point.y = -10;
var rectangle = {upperLeftPoint: {x:1, y:1},
                lowerRightPoint: {x:4, y:4}};
```

Global objects

- Object Object
- Navigator object
- Number object
- String object
- Screen object
- event object
- Event object
- RegExp object – pattern matching in strings

Object

- A primitive JavaScript object type
- The constructor -- Object()
- Methods:
 - eval() ... JavaScript 1.1, 1.2
 - toString() ... JavaScript 1.1, 1.2
 - valueOf () ... JavaScript 1.1, 1.2
 - handleEvent() ... JavaScript 1.2
 - watch() ... JavaScript 1.2
 - unwatch() ... JavaScript 1.2

Navigator Object

- Getting the name of the Browser Language
- Getting the Name of the Platform
- Methods
 - preference()
- Properties

```
navigator.appCodeName  
navigator.appName  
navigator.appVersion  
navigator.language  
navigator.platform  
navigator.userAgent
```

5.4.2 Number Object

- Implemented in the JavaScript 1.1 release (Navigator 3.0) and fix some minor things in JavaScript 1.2
- Properties
 - MAX_VALUE
 - MIN_VALUE
 - NaN
 - NEGATIVE_INFINITY
 - POSITIVE_INFINITY
 - prototype
- Methods
 - toString()
 - toString(radix)

5.4.3 document object

- Browser's document object
- Referencing to document object:
 - window.document
 - document
- It represents the HTML document currently displayed in the browser
- Has methods or functions
 - document.close() // Close an output stream
 - document.open(mimetype)// Begin a new document

- `write(value, ...)` // Append data to a document
- `writeln(value, ...)` // Append data and a new line to a document
- Has attributes, properties, or variables
 - `document.bgColor` // The document background color
 - `document.alinkColor` // The color of active links
 - `document.vlinkColor` // The color of visited links
 - `document.linkColor` // The color of unfollowed links
 - `document.lastModified` // The modification date of a document
 - `document.URL` // The URL of the current document
 - `document.referrer` // The URL of the linked-from document
 - `document.title` // The title of the current document
 - `document.cookie`
 - `document_fgColor` // the default text color
 - `document.form[]`
 - `document.images[]`
- Pass argument to a method within the pair of parentheses

`document.write()`

- `write()` method
- No new line character is issued
- Examples:
 - `document.write("FONT COLOR = 'red'><H1>ECET ")`
 - `document.write("string for display")`
 - `document.write("Hello World!
")`
 - `document.write("Hello World! \r")`
 - `document.writeln("Hello World!")`

`document.writeln()`

- `writeln()` method for writing text
- A new line character is added
- Examples

- o document.writeln(" Department Welcomes You!</H1>")

The document object

Synopsis

window.document
document

Properties

alinkColor

The color of activated links.

bgColor

The document background color

fgColor

The default text color.

linkColor

The color of unfollowed links.

vlinkColor

The color of visited links.

lastModifies

The modification date of a document.

location

The URL of the current document.

title

The title of the document.

URL

The Uniform Resource Locator of the current document.

referrer

The URL of the linked-from document.

cookie

The cookie(s) of the document.

domain

The security domain of the document

form[]

The forms in a document

images[]

The images embedded in a document.

link[]

The link objects in a document

anchors[]

The Anchors array in a document.

applets[]

The applet array in a document.

plugins[]

The object embed in a document.

embeds[]

The objects embedded in a document.

Navigator 4 and above Properties

classes

Define style classes.

height

The height of a document.

width

The width of a document.

ids

Define styles for individual tags.

layers

The layers contained in a document

tags

Define styles for HTML tags

Internet Explorer 4 and above Properties

activeElement

The input element that has the focus.

charset

The character set in use.

defaultCharset

The default character set of a document

expando

Disallow new property creation.

parentWindow

The window of a document

readyState

The loading status of a document.

all[]

All HTML elements in a document.

Methods

close()

Close an output stream.

open(mimetype)

Create a new document

write(datavalue,...)

Append data to a document.

writeln(datavalue)

Append a document and a new line to a document.

Methods for Netscape 4 and above

captureEvents(eventmask)
Specify the event types to be captures

releaseEvents(eventmask)
Stop capturing events

routeEvents(event)
Pass a captured event to the next handler

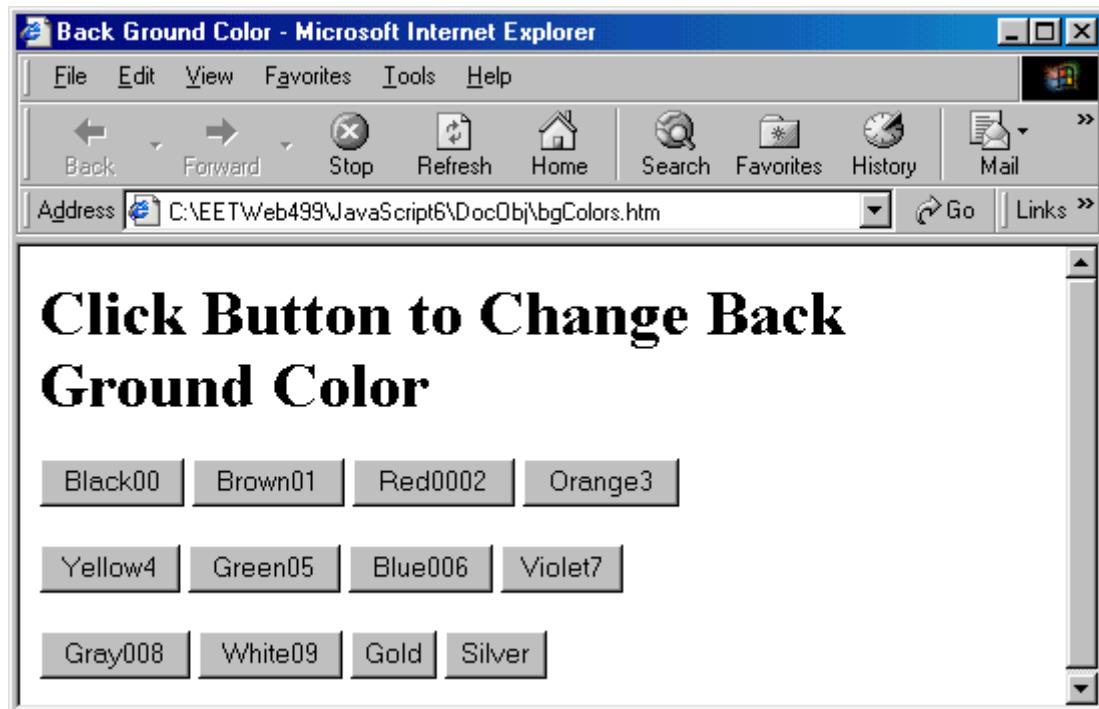
getSelection()
Return selected text

Methods for IE 4 and above

elementFromPoint(x, y)
Determine which HTML element is at a given point.

Example 5-13: Change background color properties through document object.

```
<HTML>
<!-- bgcolor.htm
-->
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Back Ground Color</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<H1>Click Button to Change Back Ground Color</H1>
<FORM>
<P>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="blcak"  VALUE="Black00" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="black"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="brown"  VALUE="Brown01" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="brown"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="red"    VALUE="Red0002" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="red"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="orange" VALUE="Orange3" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="orange"'>
</P>
<P>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="yellow" VALUE="Yellow4" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="yellow"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="green"  VALUE="Green05" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="green"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="blue"   VALUE="Blue006" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="blue"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="violet" VALUE="Violet7" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="violet"'>
</P>
<P>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="gray"   VALUE="Gray008" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="gray"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="white"  VALUE="White09" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="white"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="gold"   VALUE="Gold" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="gold"'>
<INPUT TYPE="BUTTON" NAME="silver" VALUE="Silver" ONCLICK='document.bgColor="silver"'>
</P>
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



5.4.4 Window Objects

Basic Window Operations

- Opening a window
- Scrolling a window
- Loading a content into a window
- Updating one window from another
- Creating new pages with JavaScript
- Closing a window
- Creating a control panel
- Positioning a window on the screen
- Displaying an alert when a window is loaded

Properties and Methods of the window() object

- Create another new window outside the browser
- Referencing to a window
 - self
 - window
 - window.frame[n]
- window properties
 - self // the window itself
 - window // the window itself
 - window.document // document of the window
 - window.name // name of the window
 - window.location // URL of the window
 - window.status // specify a line of status message
 - window.history // the history of the window
 - window.length // the number of frames in the window
 - window.screen // information about the screen
 - window.frames[] // List of frames within a window
- window methods
 - alert(message) // Display message through dialog box
 - prompt(message, defaultValue) // Receive input through dialog box

- `confirm(question)` // Ask to confirm a yes-no question
- `close()` // close a browser window
- `open(url, name,features,replace)` // open a new window
- `setInterval(code, interval)` // Repeatedly execute the code at a specific time interval
- `setTimeout(code, delay)` // Defer execution of code
- window event handlers
 - `onblur` // invoked when the window loses keyboard focus
 - `ondragdrop` // invoked when the user drops items in the window
 - `onerror` // invoked when Javascript
 - `onfocus` // invoked when window is given a focus
 - `onload` // invoked when browser completed the loading
 - `onmove` // invoked when window is moved
 - `onresize` // invoked when window is resized
 - `onunload` // invoked when the browser leaves a page

window.alert()

- `alert()` method for creating a dialog box
- OK button
- `window.alert("Thank you!\nTry Again!")`

window.prompt()

- `prompt()` is a dialog control
- Examples:
 - `firstNum = window.prompt("Enter the first integer number", "0");`
 - `secondNum = window.prompt("Enter the second integer number", "0");`

window.open()

- open a new window

```
newWindow1 = window.open(URL, "nameOfWindow", "toolbar=no, width=350,  
height=400, status=no, scrollbar=yes, resize=no, menubar=no");
```

```
newWindow2 = window.open('bulbon.gif', 'bulbWin', 'width=330, height=250,  
scrollbars=yes')
```

```
newWindow3 = window.open('book.html', 'bookWin', 'width=330, height=250,  
scrollbars=yes')
```

window.confirm()

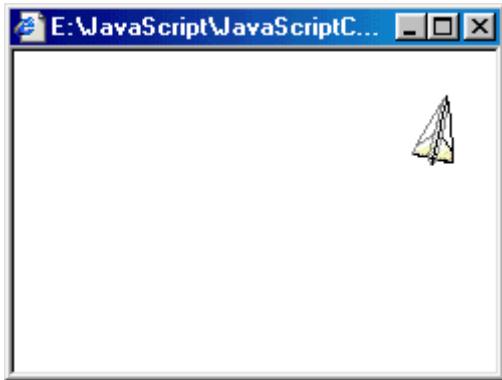
- Display a message in a dialog box
- Click "OK" button to return a true value
- Click "Cancel" button to return a false value
- confirm("message")

A basic window creation example

```
<HTML>  
<!-- newwin1.htm -->  
<HEAD>  
<TITLE>Open a New Window </TITLE>  
</HEAD>  
  
<BODY>  
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="Javascript">  
window.open(URL, "thisWindow", "toolbar=no, width=350, height=400,  
status=n0, scrollbars=yes, resize=no, menubar=no")  
</SCRIPT>  
</BODY>  
</HTML>
```

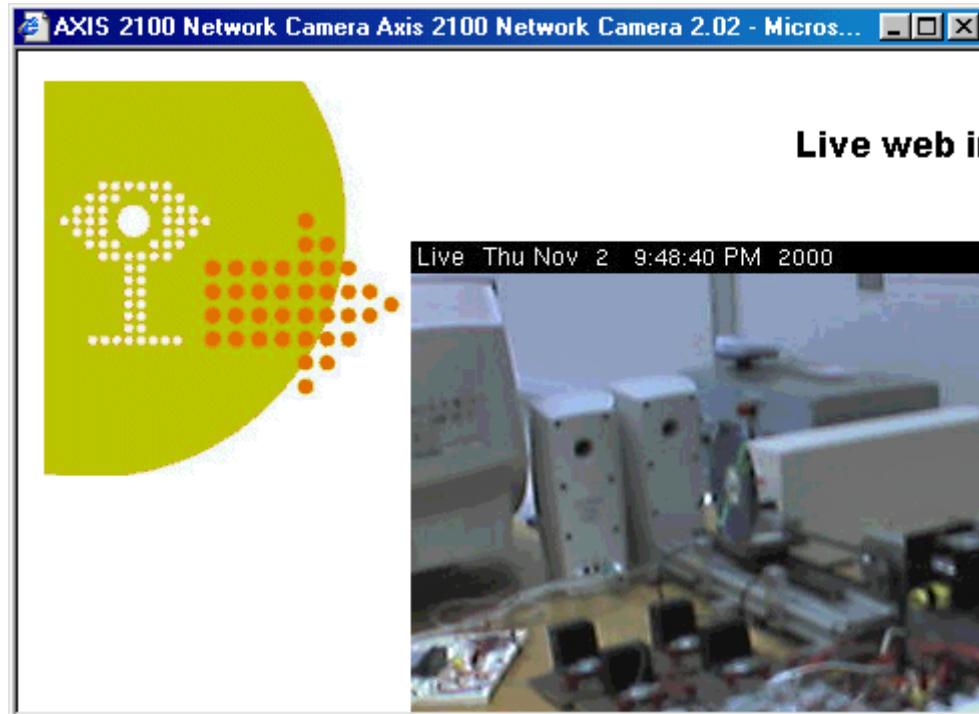
Example 5-14: Create a new window for displaying a animated airplane.gif graphics file.

```
HTML>
<!-- newplane.htm -->
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Open a New Window </TITLE>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="Javascript">
window.open("airplane.gif", "SUNWindow", "toolbar=no, width=350,
height=400, status=n0, scrollbars=yes, resize=no, menubar=no")
</SCRIPT>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



Example 5-15: Create a new window for showing web camera. The newly window will stay open even if the browser is closed.

```
<HTML>
<!-- newlivecam.htm -->
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Open a New Window </TITLE>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="Javascript">
// window.open("http://149.164.36.19", "LiveCam", "toolbar=no,
width=780, height=600, status=yes, scrollbars=yes, resizable=yes,
menubar=yes")
//window.open("http://149.164.36.19", "LiveCam", "width=320,
height=240")
window.open("http://149.164.36.19", "LiveCam", "width=480, height=330")
</SCRIPT>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



Example 5-16: Create a new window for Web camera, and close the newly created window. Javascript with functions are considered in the program.

```
<HTML>
<!-- Webcam.htm -->
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Open a New Window </TITLE>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="Javascript">
function webCamera(URL){
    newWindow = window.open(URL, "LiveCam", "toolbar=no, width=780,
height=600, status=n0, scrollbars=yes, resizable=no, menubar=no")
}
function closeWindow() {if(newWindow && !newWindow.closed)
    newWindow.close(); }
</SCRIPT>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
<H3> <A HREF="javascript:webCamera('http://149.164.36.19')"> Click Here
To See WebCam <A>&nbsp; &nbsp; <BR> <BR>
    <A HREF="javascript:closeWindow()"> Close the Window <A>
</H3>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

