### CPET 565/499 Mobile Enterprise Pilot Project

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## Just-In-Time (JIT)

#### What is JIT?

- Elimination of all wastes
- Pull system through plant
- It is a Management Philosophy

#### What Does JIT do?

- + Attacks wastes (Time, Inventory, Scrap, etc.)
- Exposes problems and bottlenecks
- Achieves Streamlined Production

# Main Mantras of JIT Elimination of waste Pull-type system Zero defects

- What is Required in JIT?
- Employee Participation
- Small Lot Size
- ◆ Total Quality Control
- Basics of Industrial Engineering
- What is Assumed in JIT?
- Stable Environment
- Commitment to quality and reduction of waste
- Involvement at all levels of organisation

### Pilot project for Mobility

Develop Mobile App for Operations phase in value chain

- Streamline production
- Eliminate manual process
- Eliminate downtime (waste)
- Real-time update of inventory
- Product tracking
- Asset tracking
- Quality and error proofing (Inspection)

### Terms in Mobile Application

#### Mobile Application Data:

Mobile Application data are values that take up <u>qualitative</u> or <u>quantitative variables</u> that belong to a mobile application.

#### Mobile Application Data in Operations:

- User profile data (string, text, image)
- Supplier data (numeric, string, text, image)
- Raw material data (numeric, string, text)
- Work-in-progress data (numeric)
- Finished product data (numeric, string, image)
- Product location data (numeric, binary)
- Asset location data (numeric binary)
- Inventory database (numeric, binar, string)
- Distributor data(numeric, string, text, image)



## Data requirements: are the details deemed necessary by a regulatory body in order for it to fully assess or evaluate the safety and efficacy of a substance or product. These can be additional to the common core data set and may be unique to a given application.

#### Data requirements in Operations:

- Unique user profiles
- User authentication
- Customer needs

Data modeling: is the formalization and documentation of existing processes and events that occur during application software design and development.

#### Approaches:

- Conceptual (ex: data structure diagram)
- Enterprise
- Logical (ex: IDEF0, Intergration Definition for Function Model)
- Physical

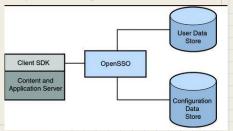
### Terms in Mobile Application

Data structures: It is a particular way of storing and organizing <u>data</u> in a computer so that it can be used <u>efficiently</u> in an organized form, such as an array list or string, in which connected data items are held in a computer.

Data stores: It is a data repository of a set of integrated objects. These objects are modeled using classes defined in database schemas. Data store includes not only data repositories like databases, it is a more general concept that includes also flat files that can store data.

#### MySQL

PostgreSQL



Data access: This typically refers to software and activities related to storing, retrieving, or acting on data housed in a database or other repository. There are two types of data access, sequential access and random access. Data Access is simply the authorization you have to access different data files.

#### Data Access in Operations:

- Authorization level:
  - Plant manager (Admin)
  - Supply/Distribution manager (Admin)
  - Plant worker (Power User)
  - Client/ Third party (User)

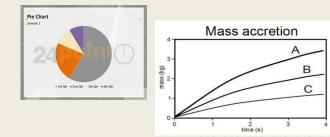
### Terms in Mobile Application

Data presentation: The purpose of putting results of experiments into graphs, charts and tables is two-fold. First, it is a visual way to look at the data and see what happened and make interpretations. Second, it is usually the best way to show the data to others. Reading lots of numbers in the text puts people to sleep and does little to convey information.

Example: Tabular data, chart data, graphical data

Sample Table 1 - Monthly Snowfall

	December	January	February
Sugar Bowl	12	14	32
Bear Valley	7	19	26
Kirkwood	11	17	36



- Query processing: A query is a request for information from a database. The query processor turns user queries and data modification commands into a query plan a sequence of operations (or algorithm) on the database from high level queries to low level commands.
- Example Query by: Customer data, primary product data, secondary product data, RFID tag #, QR code, barcodes

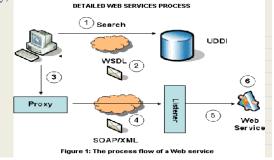
Business process modeling: is a method for improving organisational efficiency and quality. It refers to a structural representation, description or diagram, which defines a specified flow of activities in a particular business or organisational unit. Business Process Modelling aims to improve business performance by optimising the efficiency of connecting activities in the provision of a product or service.

### Terms in Mobile Application

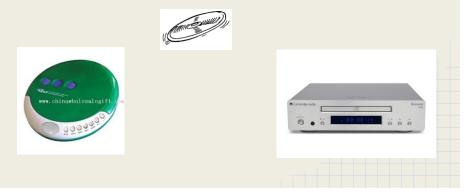
Web services: describes a standardized way of integrating Web-based<u>applications</u> using the <u>XML</u>, <u>SOAP</u>, <u>WSDL</u> and <u>UDDI open standards</u> over an Internet<u>protocol</u> <u>backbone</u>.

Core Web services standards include:

- Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP),
- Web Services Description Language (WSDL), and
- Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration (UDDI)



Service Oriented Architecture: In <u>software engineering</u>, a service-oriented architecture (SOA) is a set of principles and <u>methodologies</u> for designing and developing <u>software</u> in the form of <u>interoperable services</u>. These services are welldefined business <u>functionalities</u> that are built as <u>software components</u> (discrete <u>pieces of code</u> and/or <u>data structures</u>) that can be <u>reused</u> for different purposes.



### Terms in Mobile Application

SOA:	CLASS/ PATTERN	QUERY/REPLY	ASYNC	PUB/SUB
	Access	NATURAL LANGUAGE PARSER (Atomic)	UPDATE CUSTOMER PROFILE (Atomic)	
	Business	FIND BE ST FARE (Composite) AVAILABILITY & PRICE (Atomic)	GET PROMOTIONS (Atomic)	AIRLINE SPECIAL FARE (Atomic)
	System	ENCRYPT CUSTOMER DATA (Atomic)		

**Cloud computing:** is the practice of using a network of remote servers hosted on the Internet to store, manage, and process data, rather than a local server or a personal computer. It is the Virtualisation of computer hardware or services. These services are accessed without needing to know physically where the service is or how it is run. Google Mail is an example of a cloud computing service. Cloud computing aims to saving money or increase computer throughputs.

### Mobile App in Operations

