

Wired and Wireless Sensor Networks for Bridge Health Monitoring

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Room ET 346
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Wired and Wireless Sensor Networks for Bridge Health Monitoring

1. Introduction to Army CERL Sponsored “Micro/Nano Technology Sol-Gel Corrosion Sensor System – Corrosion Monitoring”
2. Sol-gel and Cylindrical Corrosion Sensors
3. Sensor Networks Technology: Wired and Wireless
4. The Corrosion Monitoring System with Wired Sensor Nodes
5. Experimental Testing of Second Generation CMS with Wired and Wireless Sensor Nodes
6. Summary and Future Work

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Introduction

- The project: “Micro-Nano Technology Sol-Gel Corrosion Monitoring System,” 2011-2013
 - Project sponsor: Army Construction Engineering Research Laboratory, IL: Richard Lampo and Michael McInerney
 - Project Team
 - Principal Investigator: Max S. Yen
 - Co-Pis: Paul I-Hai Lin and Dong Chen
 - Graduate Students: MengWei Li, Robert Tilbury, Muhammad Shoaib Mansur
 - Undergraduate EE Student: Steve Groff

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Introduction (continue)

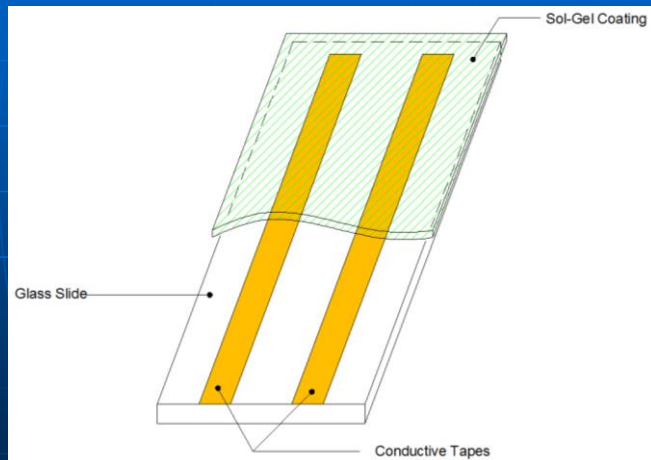
- The Accomplishments
 - 1) “Examination of Corrosion on Steel Structures by Innovative Nano Sol-Gel Sensors,” by Max Yen, Dong Chen, **Paul Lin**, Bakul Dave, Steve Groff, Emily Hauter, Richard Lampo, and Michael McInerney, NCAE 2012 Corrosion Conference, to be held on March 11-15, 2012, Salt Lake City, Utah
 - 2) “Corrosion Sensor for Monitoring Early-Stage Environmental Corrosion of Steel Structure,” Dong Chen, Max yen, and Paul Lin, U.S. Provisional Patten Application #61763523, Feb. 2013
 - 3) “Micro-Nano Technology Sol-Gen Corrosion Monitoring System,” New Tech Showcase Demo & Presentation, Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne, April 24, 2013.
 - 4) “A Corrosion Monitoring System for Early-Stage Warming of Environmental Corrosion of Structures and Infrastructures,” Technology Showcase, at 2013 Taipei International Invention Show & Technomart, Sept. 26-29, 2013.

IEEE Indianapolis Conference Nov. 8,
2013

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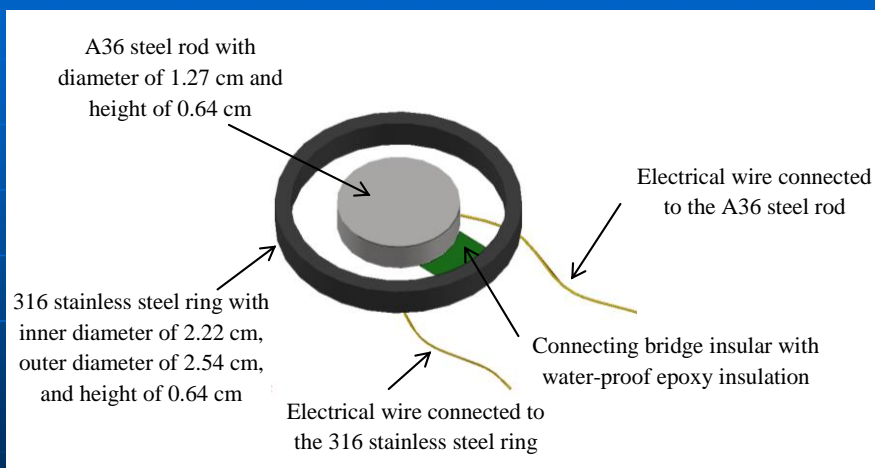
2. Sol-Gel and Cylindrical Corrosion Sensors

Cylindrical Corrosion Sensor: A Sol-Gel Corrosion Sensor (Capacitive Type)



2. Sol-Gel and Cylindrical Corrosion Sensors:

Cylindrical Corrosion Sensor (Capacitive Type)



3. Sensor Network Technology: Wired and Wireless

- Definition of Sensor Network
 - An infrastructure includes **sensing, computing, and communication elements** to provide the ability to **instrument, observe and react** to events and phenomena in a specific environment [1].
 - Communication Element: Wired/Wireless
- Physical Signal Sources
 - Electromagnetic radiation signals: radio and light
 - Optical, acoustic, seismic, acceleration, strain, vibration signals
 - Chemical and biochemical signals
 - Environmental signals: light, temperature, humidity, barometric

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) Applications
 - Industrial Monitoring, Control, Automation;
 - Building Automation
 - Home Automation and Consumer Electronics
 - Security and Military Sensing
 - Asset Tracking and Supply Chain Management
 - Intelligent Agriculture and Environmental Sensing
 - Health and Medical Monitoring
 - Critical Infrastructure Monitoring, Protection and Security

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- **Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) Architecture**
 - Application Dependent: network sensor nodes, gateway node, data sources and sinks
 - Network Topologies and Routing Algorithms
 - Single-hop vs. multi-hop networks
 - Mobility consideration
 - Network lifetime
 - Scalability
 - Protocols
 - Energy Efficiency and Management
 - Network Management
 - Data Management
 - Security and Data Integrity

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- **Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) Architecture**
 - Network Topologies and Routing
 - **Star Network:** One master node, multiple slave nodes
 - One master node- synchronization and channel access
 - Multiple slave sensor nodes
 - Examples: Bluetooth, 802.11b “WiFi”
 - **Ring and Tree Network**
 - Cellular and paging system
 - Base stations are connected using wired network
 - **Ad Hoc Networks**
 - Multiple-hops path relaying data from user-to-user to reach data receiver
 - May form clustered and overlay network
 - **Mesh Network:** Multi-hop, multi-path

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- Sensor Node Platform Selection Criteria
 - Hardware:
 - Software:
 - Programming Language Tools
 - Industrial Standard
 - Protocols
 - Other Features

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- **Sensor Node Platforms**
 - **Microcontroller**: TI MSP430-based, Atmel ATmega, IntelPXA255, etc
 - **Memory**: Program and Data
 - **Interface** (USB/Serial/WiFi/Ethernet)
 - **ADC and Digital I/O**
 - **Transceiver** (802.15.4-compliant, others)
 - XBee
 - TI CC2420
 - **Wireless Communication**
 - License-free frequencies
 - 433, 868-915 MHz, and 2.4 GHz

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3. Sensor Network: Wired and Wireless

- Commercially Available SNA Nodes (www.memsic.com)



IRIS node



MICAz/MICA2



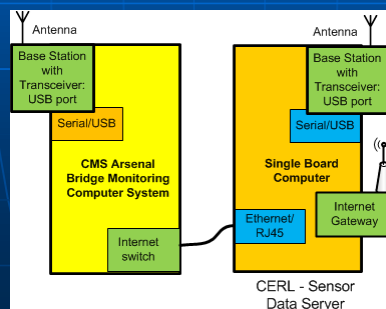
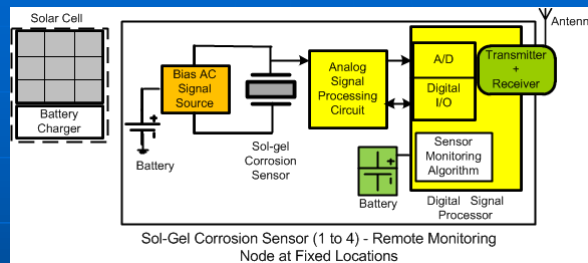
TelosB



Cricket

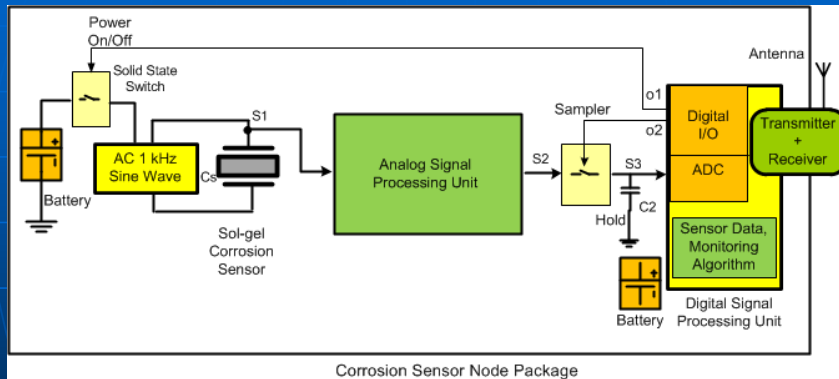
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4. Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System: System Architecture I with Wireless Sensor Node



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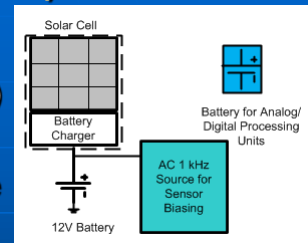
4.1 Remote Corrosion Sensor Node Design



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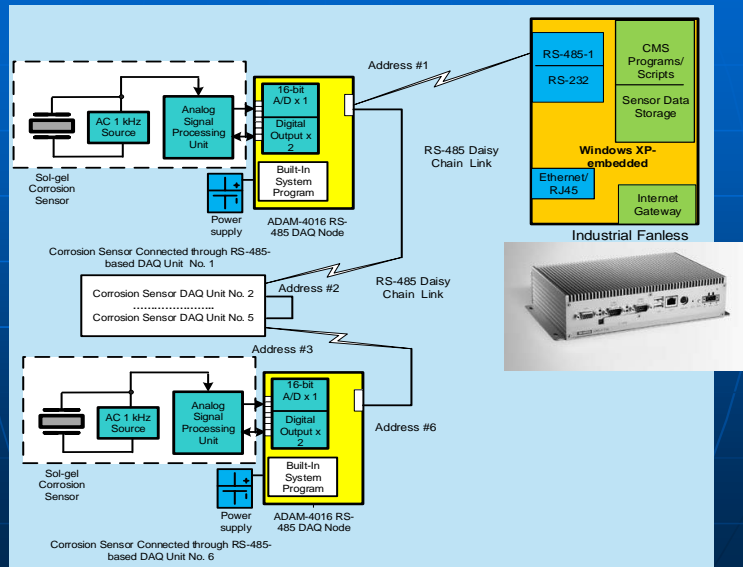
4.2 Remote Corrosion Sensor Node (Power Source Subsystem)

- **Solar power panel and control (20 W)**
- **DC battery power source (12 V 37 AH)**
- **Power Source Requirement (~ 5 W)**
 - Sol-Gel sensor bias AC signal source (sine wave)
 - RF power source requirement estimation (1 W)
 - Sol-gel sensor power requirement (1 W)
 - Analog signal processing unit power requirement (0.5 W)
 - Digital signal processor (0.5 W)



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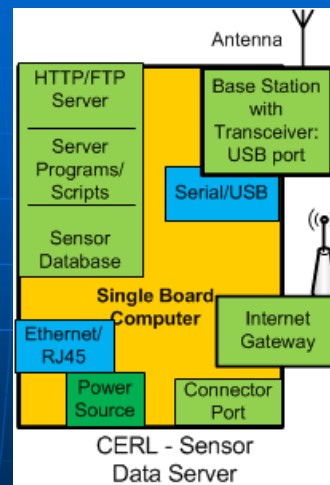
4.3 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System: System Architecture II with Wired Star Topology using RS 485 Serial Communication



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4.5 Corrosion Monitoring System – Base Station

- Fanless Industrial Computer
 - HTTP Web server
 - FTP file server
 - Sensor data storage
 - Server scripts/programs
 - Data manipulation programs
- Internet Gateway
 - Remote system
 - Web client
- USB – WiFi wireless adapter
- RS 485, 232 Serial interface



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4.5 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System (continue)

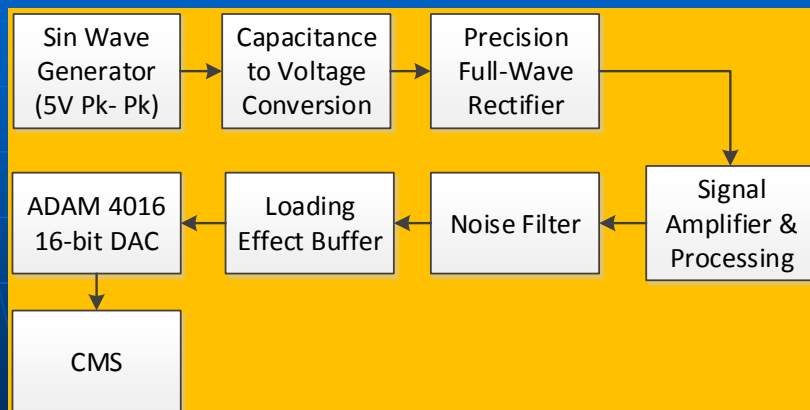
Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System (CMS)

- a) Power supply system
- b) The Central Monitoring Computer (CMC)
 - Fanless Embedded Computer, Windows XP OS setup and networking option configuration
 - RS485 serial communication: CMS to Sensor Nodes
 - Ethernet Ports for Internet communication
- c) Thermal Electric Cooler: mounted on the front-side of the CMC
- d) Six RS485-based Sensor Nodes with 16-bit ADC
- e) Packaging and Cabling
- f) Software for Polling Sensor Data Processing and Storage

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4.4 Analog Signal Processing Circuit and Fabrication of Printed Circuit Boards

Analog Signal Processing (ASP)



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4.6. Analog Signal Processing Circuit and Fabrication of Printed Circuit Boards

Fabricated PCB Boards and ADMA 4016 ADC

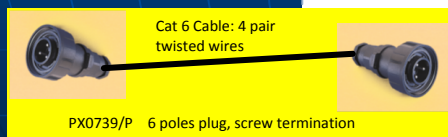
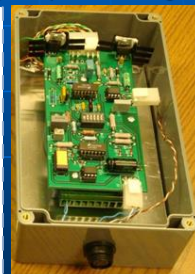
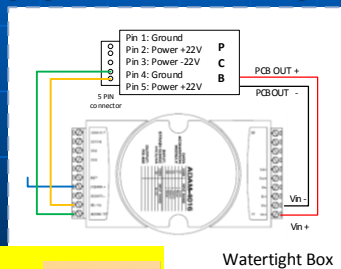


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4.7 Corrosion Sensor Modules (Boxes)

Corrosion Sensor Modules (Boxes):

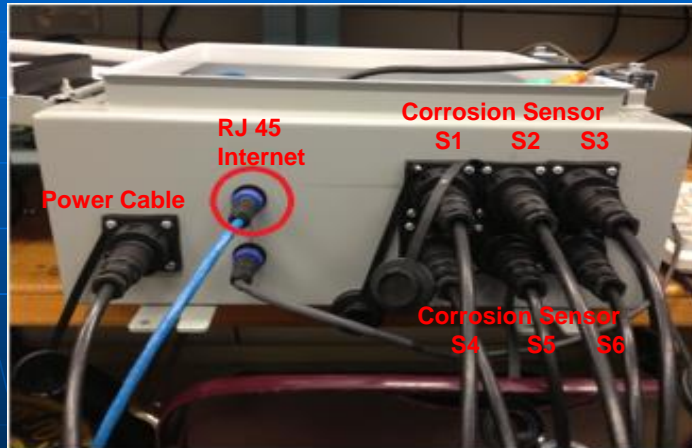
- Power supply
- RS-485 communication
- Microcomputer with 16-bit ADC (analog-to-digital conversion)
- Sensor Box Packaging with Sensor's analog signal processing PCB
- Cabling



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4.8 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System

Packaging and Cabling



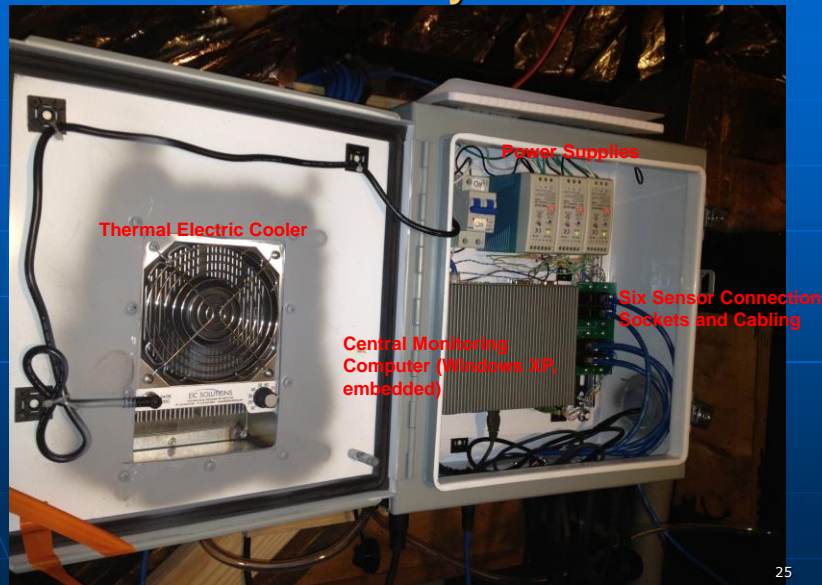
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4.8 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System – Installation (May 2013)



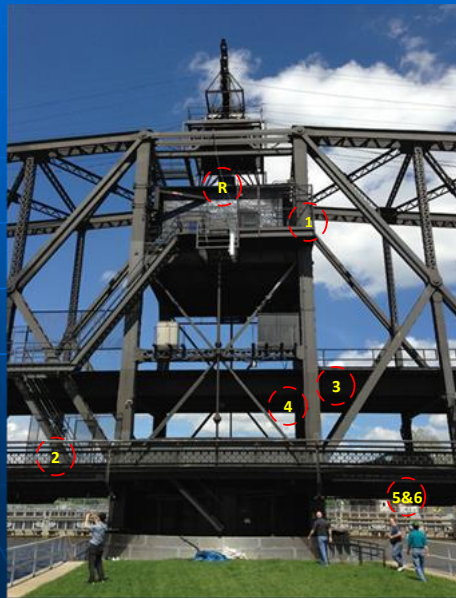
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4.8 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System Installation – May 2013



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4.9 Deployment and Testing: Corrosion Sensors and Wired Sensor Network at RIA Bridge, IL



- Sensor #1 (coal tar epoxy coated sol-gel sensor)
- Sensor #2 (coal tar epoxy coated sol-gel sensor)
- Sensor #3 (sol-gel sensor)
- Sensor #4 (sol-gel sensor)
- Sensor #5 (stainless steel cylindrical sensor, coal-tar epoxy coated) Sensor #6 (A36 cylindrical sensor, coal-tar epoxy coated)

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4.9 Deployment and Testing: Corrosion Sensors at RIA Bridge, IL

- **Sensor #1** (coal tar epoxy coated sol-gel sensor) at the lower car deck (31 inches above the deck, 2 ft above the car deck level, on the west side of the bridge)



Sensor #1

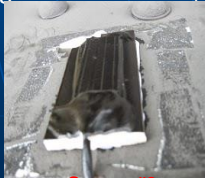


Sensor DAQ Box #1



Box#1 (before installation)

- **Sensor #2** (coal tar epoxy coated sol-gel sensor) at the top of bridge control room (mounted on the vertically – south side)



Sensor #2



Sensor DAQ Box #2

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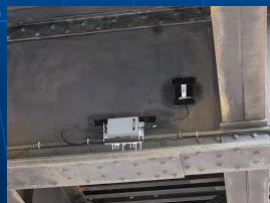
4.9 Deployment and Testing: Corrosion Sensors at RIA Bridge, IL

- **Sensor #3** (sol-gel sensor) on the ceiling of the car deck, or below train deck (west side)



Sensor #3 and Sensor DAQ Box#3

- **Sensor #4** (sol-gel sensor) on the ceiling of the car deck, or below train deck (east side)



Sensor #4 and
Sensor DAQ Box#4

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4.9 Deployment and Testing: Corrosion Sensors at RIA Bridge, IL

- **Sensor #5** Cylindrical Sensor (316 stainless steel cylindrical rod and ring, coal-tar epoxy coated) under the car deck (west side)



Sensor #5 and Sensor DAQ Box#5

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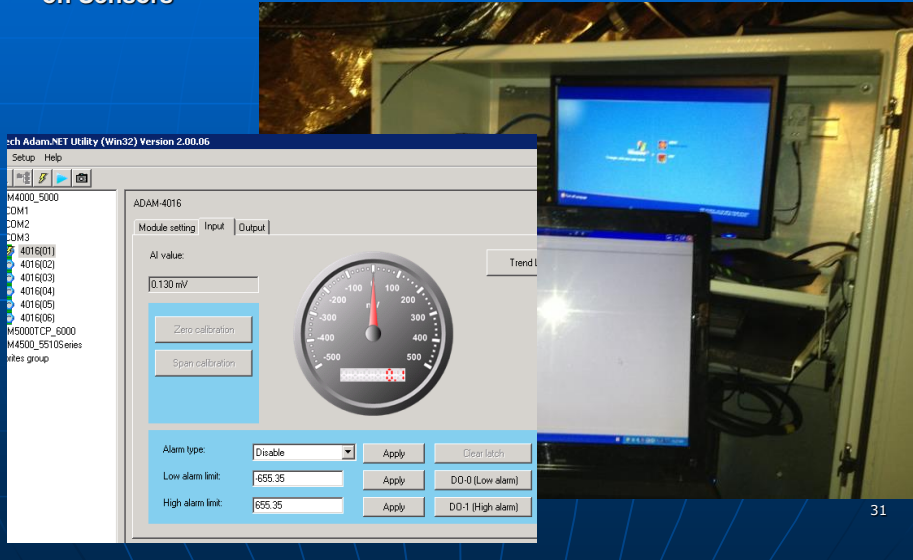
4.9 Deployment and Testing: Corrosion Sensors at RIA Bridge, IL

- **Sensor #6** Cylindrical Sensor (A36 cylindrical rod sensor, stainless steel outer ring, coal-tar epoxy coated) under the car deck (east side).

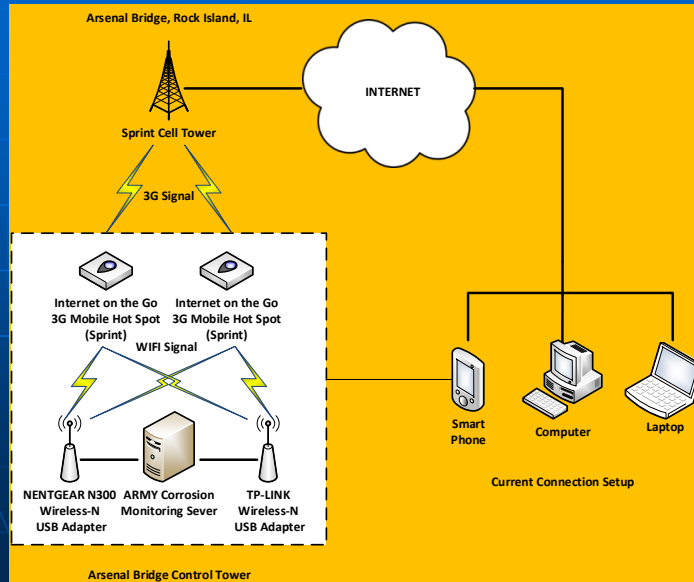


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Initial Testing of Deployed Sensors using ADAM Utility & Spraying Water on Sensors



4.11 CMS Networking and Communication Subsystem



4.12 Redundant WiFi Hotspots and USB LAN Adapter



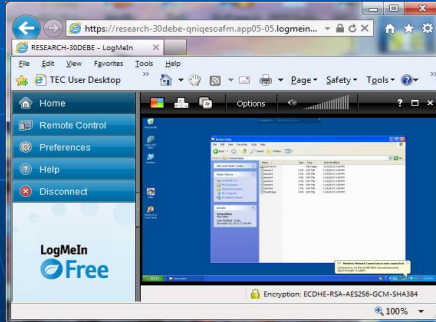
4.13 Corrosion Monitoring Sensor System

Server Scripts/Programs

- CMS sensor data polling program
 - Every 30 minute, read sensors capacitance/voltage value: S1,... S6
 - Add time stamps
 - Store sensor data S1, ... S6
- Sensor node control, data access
- Remote access to the CMS through a secured web client
 - Cloud storage service: DropBox
 - Cloud-based remote access - LogMeIn

4.14 Sensor Data and Remote Data Collection

- a) Data Collection and Storage
 - Data saved (every 30 minutes) at the CMS system located at RIA bridge
- b) Cloud-based Remote Access: LogMeIn

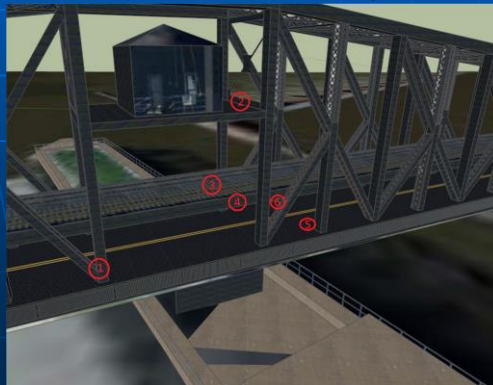


- c) Move data to Cloud-based Data Store: Drop Box

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5. The Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

- Improved Internet and remote CMS system accessibility with at least one dedicated static IP address to provide better remote system access and maintenance support.
- Addition of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks to enhance the system reliability
- Additional local temperature and humidity data collection

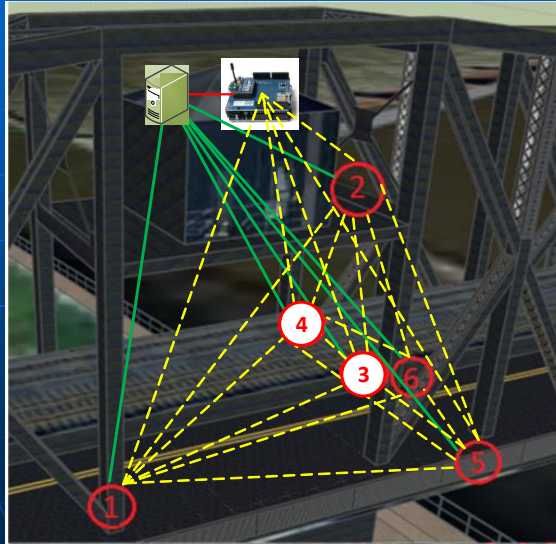


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5. Second Generation CMS System:

Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Network

- Wired Star Network: RS-485, Wireless Mesh Network

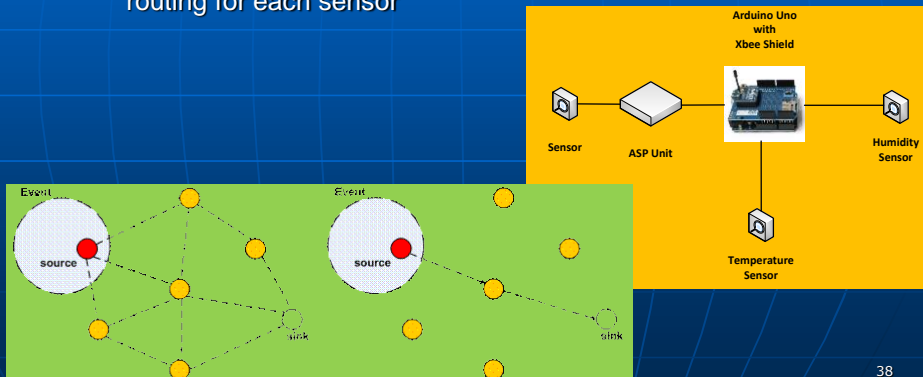


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5. Second Generation CMS System:

Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

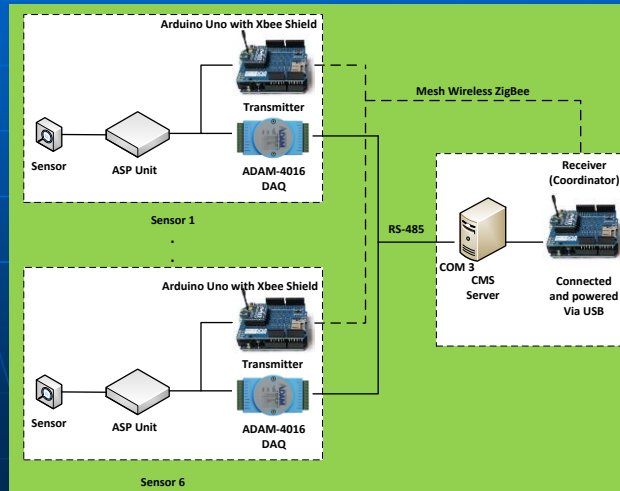
- Wireless Sensor Nodes and Network to enhance the system reliability
 - Redundant measurement using an extra wireless sensor node running ZigBee-based (XBee) sensor network protocol
 - Mesh sensor network to provide maximum reachability and data routing for each sensor



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5. Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

- Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks to enhance the system reliability



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5. Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

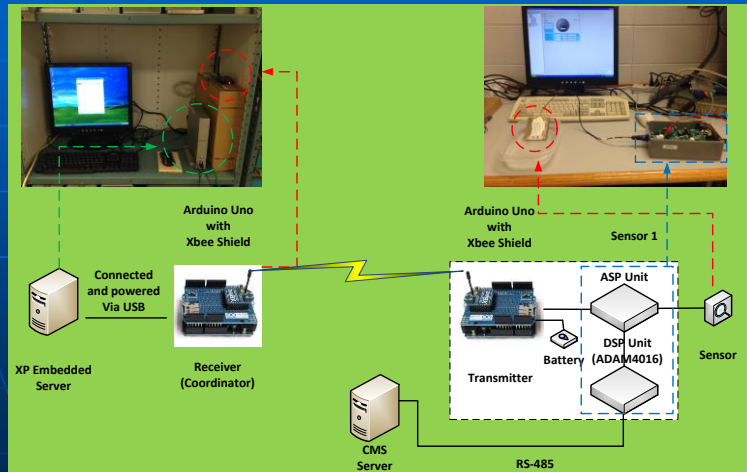
- Experimental Testing of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks in M.S. Tech Graduate Research Lab



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5. Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes

- Experimental Testing of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Network



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5. Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

- Experimental Testing of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks (at IPFW)

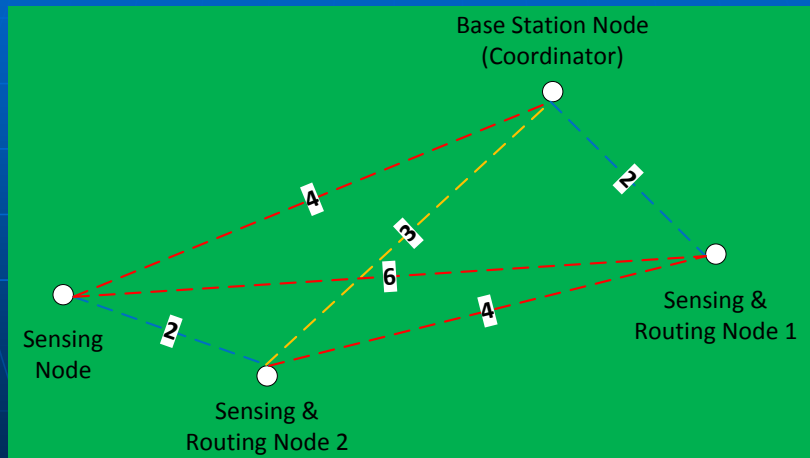
	Base Station Node	Sensing & Routing Node 1	Sensing & Routing Node 2	Sensing Node
Base Station Node	0	2	3	4
Sensing & Routing Node 1	2	0	4	6
Sensing & Routing Node 2	3	4	0	2
Sensing Node	4	6	2	0

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5. Second Generation CMS System:

Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

- Experimental Testing of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks to enhance the system reliability (4 nodes)

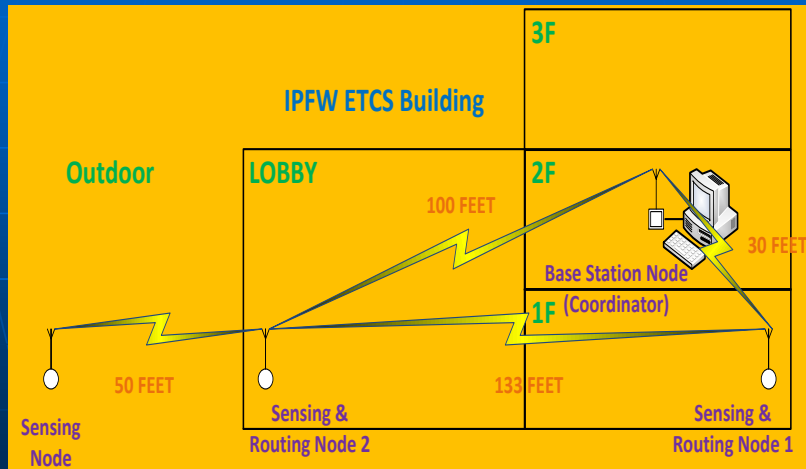


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5. Second Generation CMS System:

Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

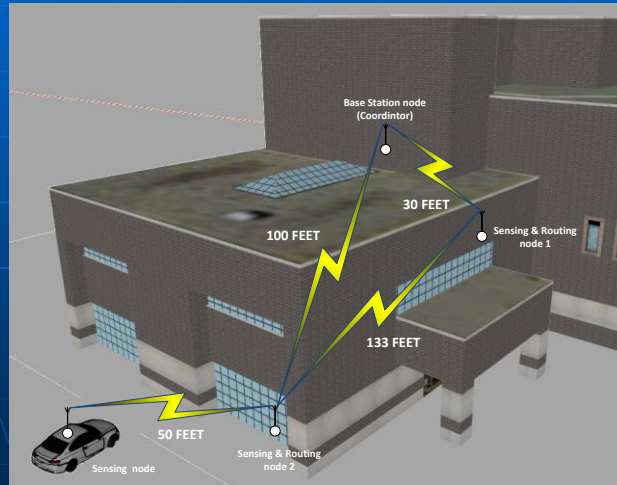
- Experimental Testing of Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks to enhance the system reliability (4 nodes)



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5. Second Generation CMS System: Wired & Wireless Sensor Nodes and Networks

- Experimental Testing of Four Wireless Sensor Nodes and Network



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6. Summary and Future Work

- The star-based wired sensor network for Army Bridge's Corrosion Monitoring System deployed at RIA, IL has been running since May 2013
- Wires and wireless sensors version of the CMS has been discussed at CERL, IL on April 14, 2014
- Redesign new wireless sensor node which integrates the following modules and features (Luis Morale's Master of Science Directed Project, Spring 2014)
 - A new PCB board (surface mount)
 - Analog Signal Processing Subsystem – corrosion sensing
 - Xbee (Zigbee based transceiver with antenna)
 - Temperature, humidity, and barometric pressure sensing
 - Adurino Fio versions 2 and 3

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Conclusion

Any Questions?
Thank you!!!