

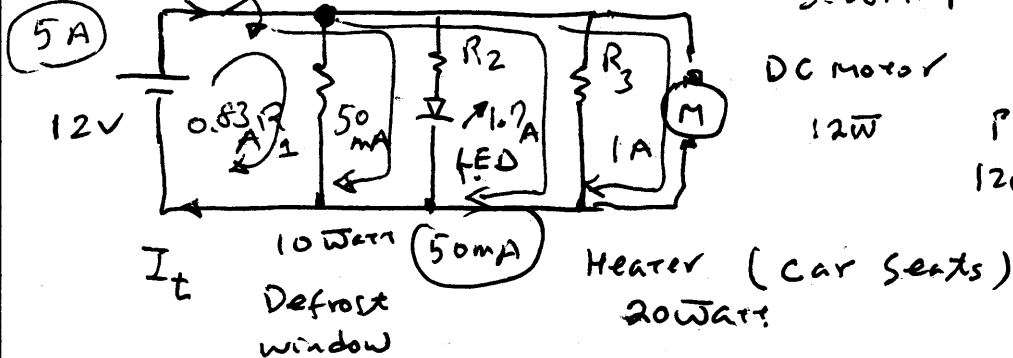
2012/2/22

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Chapter 6 Parallel Circuits

$$\sum I = 0$$

Fuse. $I_t = I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_m = 0.83 + 0.05 + 1.7 + 1 = 3.58 \text{ Amp}$



DC Motor

12W

$$P = E \cdot I$$

$$12W = 12V \cdot I \Rightarrow 1A$$

* $R_1 = ? = 13.5 \Omega$

$$I^2 R = P = I \cdot E \quad I = 0.83A = \frac{10W}{12V}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{12V}{0.83A} = \frac{12V}{0.83A} \approx 13.5 \Omega$$

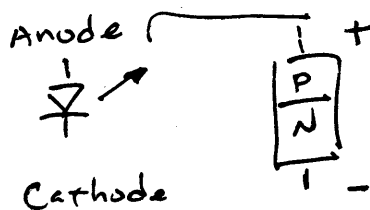
* $R_3 = 7.2 \Omega \quad P = I^2 \cdot R$

$$R = \frac{P}{I^2}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{12V}{R_3} = \frac{12}{7.2} = \frac{E^2}{R} = 1.7A$$

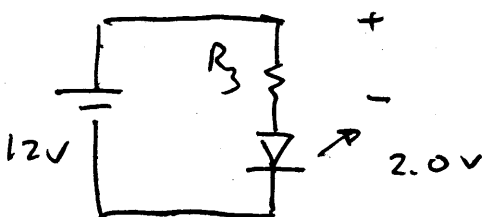
$$R = \frac{E^2}{P} = \frac{144}{20W} = 7.2 \Omega$$

* LED



$$V_D \approx 2.0V \sim 2.2V$$

Green, Red, Yellow



OHM'S LAW $R_3 = \frac{E}{I}$

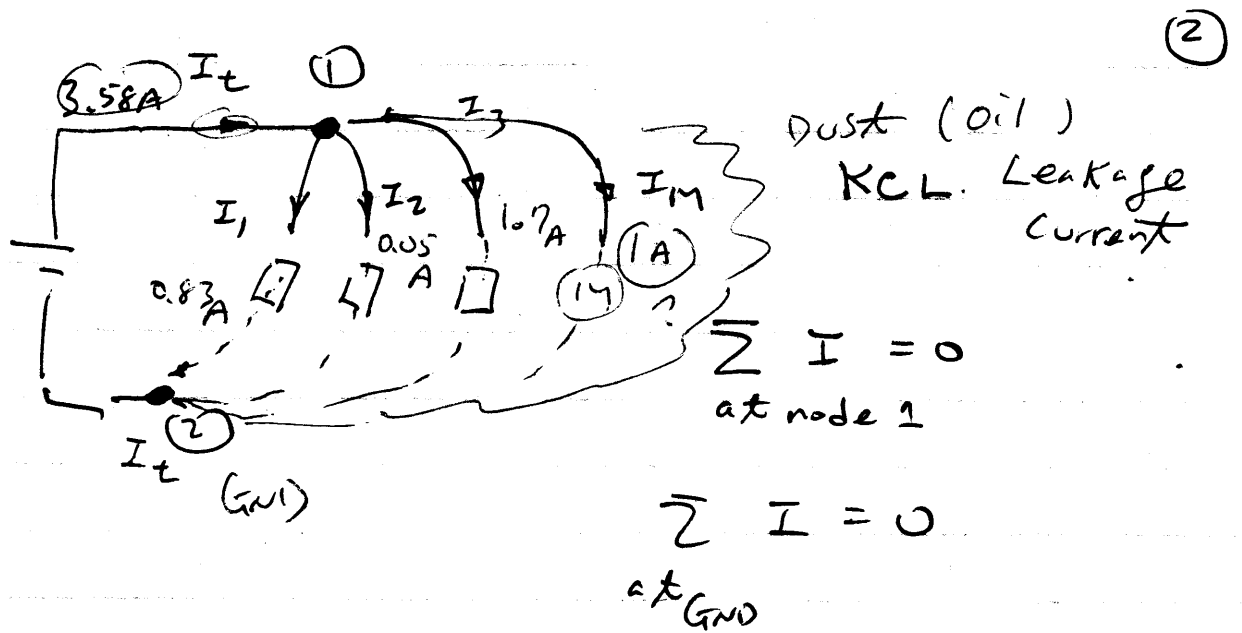
KVL

$$12 = V_{R3} + V_D$$

$$= V_{R3} + 2.0V$$

$$V_{R3} = 10V$$

$$= \frac{V_{R3}}{50mA} = \frac{10V}{50mA} = 0.2 K\Omega = 200\Omega \approx 300\Omega$$



Incoming current (Source) I_t (positive)
 $\sum$ outgoing current $I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_m$ (Negative)

Ex

IF $I_m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$? unknown

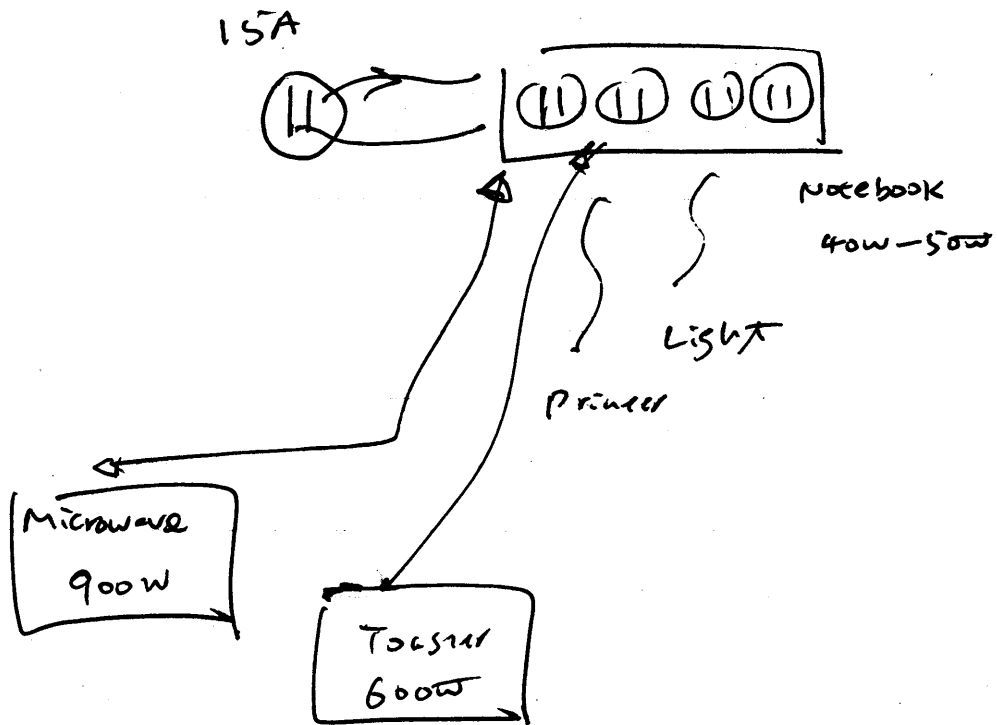
$$I_t = 3.58 \text{ A} \quad I_1 = 0.83 \text{ A}, \quad I_2 = 0.05 \text{ A}$$

$$I_3 = 1.7 \text{ A}$$

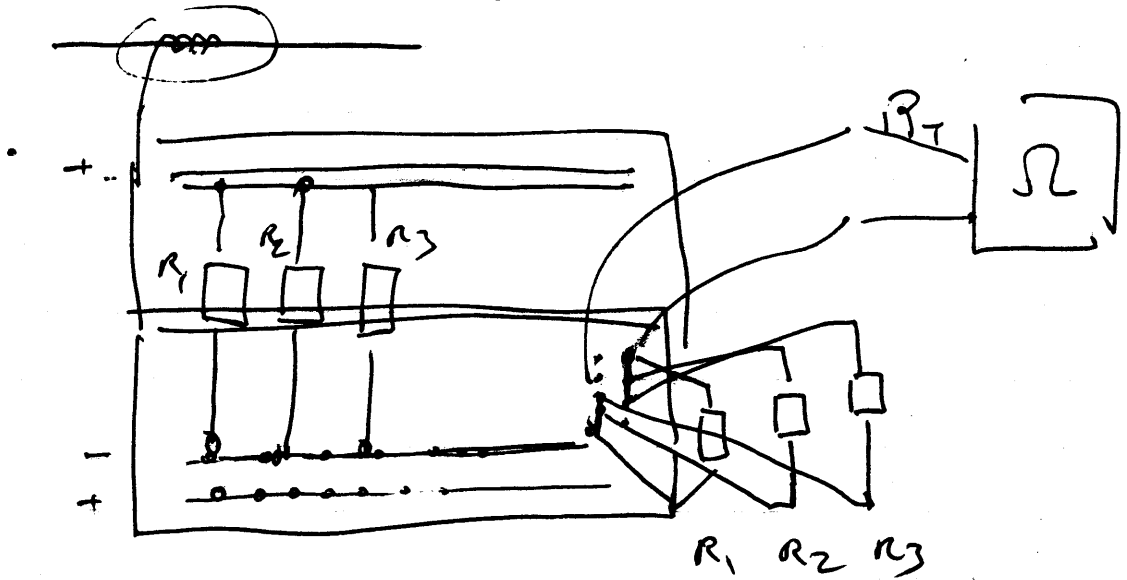
Find $I_m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

From KCL $I_t - I_1 - I_2 - I_3 \Rightarrow I_m$

(3)

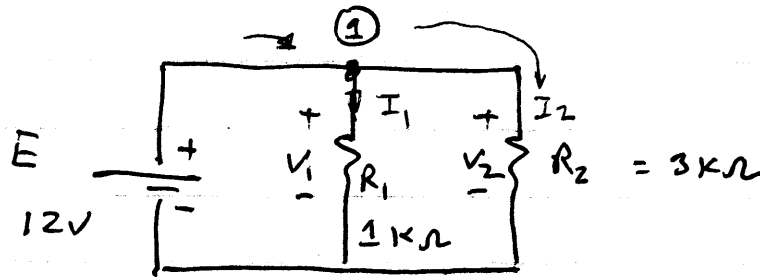


5 turns Soldering in



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P. 197. Sec. 6-3



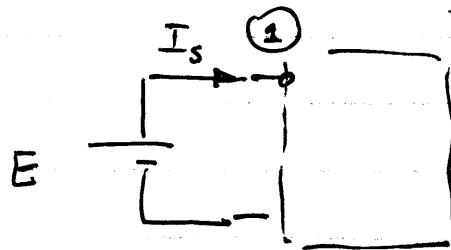
$$R_T = \frac{1k \cdot 3k}{1k + 3k}$$

$$= \frac{3k}{4}$$

$$= 0.75k$$

$$= 750\Omega$$

$$E = 12V = V_1 = V_2$$



Equivalent Resistance

OHM'S Law.

$$R_T = \frac{E}{I_s} = \frac{E}{I_1 + I_2}$$

$$= \frac{E}{\cancel{V_1}/R_1 + \cancel{V_2}/R_2} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 \cdot R_2}} = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Product} \\ \text{Sum} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 \cdot R_2} \Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{R_1}}{\cancel{R_1} \cdot R_2} + \frac{\cancel{R_2}}{R_1 \cdot \cancel{R_2}}$$