

# TECH 646 Analysis of Research in Industry and Technology

## PART III

### The Sources and Collection of data: Measurement, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires & Instruments, Sampling

### Ch. 12 Measurement Scales

Lecture note based on the text book and supplemental materials:

Cooper, D.R., & Schindler, P.S., *Business Research Methods* (12th edition), McGraw-Hill/Irwin

Paul I-Hai Lin, Professor

<http://www.pfw.edu/~lin>

A Core Course for M.S. Technology Graduate Program  
Purdue University Fort Wayne

Measurement Scales

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## Measurement

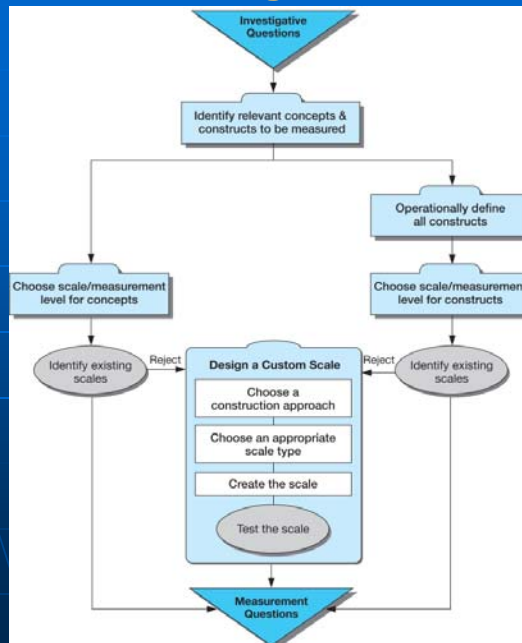
### Learning Objectives ... Understand

- The nature of attitudes and their relationship to behavior.
- The critical decisions involved in selecting an appropriate measurement scale.
- The characteristics and use of rating, ranking, sorting, and other preference scales.

Measurement Scales

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## The Scaling Process



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## Nature of Attitudes

**Cognitive**

**I think oatmeal is healthier than corn flakes for breakfast.**

**Affective**

**I hate corn flakes.**

**Behavioral**

**I intend to eat more oatmeal for breakfast.**

Measurement Scales

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## Nature of Attitudes

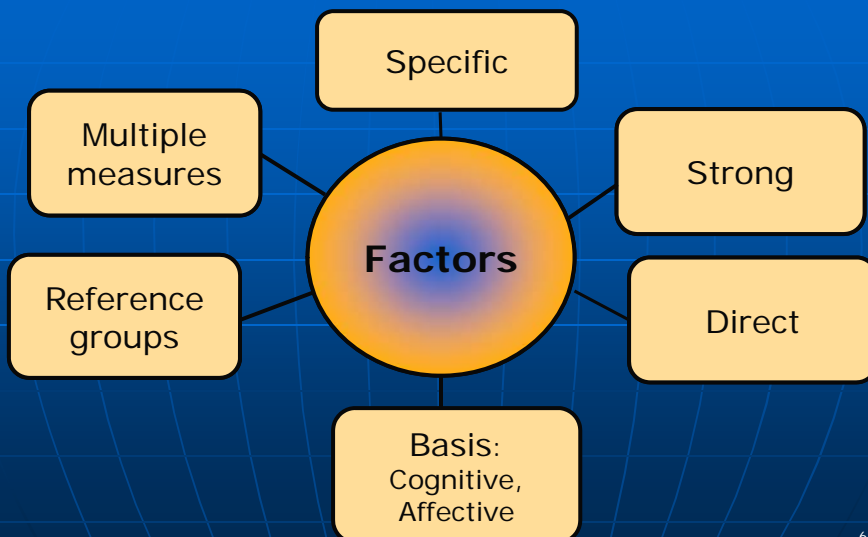
### ■ Attitude

- An **attitude** is a learned, stable predisposition to respond to oneself, other persons, objects, or issues in a consistently favorable or unfavorable way.
- 1. She is convinced ...
  - **Cognitive**-based attitude: memories, evaluation, and beliefs about properties of the object
    - A Belief - an estimate (probability) about the truth of something
- 2. She loves working at ...
  - **Affective**-based attitude: feeling, intuition, value, and emotion towards ...
- 3. She expects to stay ...
  - **Behavioral** or Conative-based attitudes

Measurement Scales

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## Improving Predictability



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## Selecting a Measurement Scale

Research objectives

Response types

Data properties

Number of dimensions

Balanced or unbalanced

Forced or unforced choices

Number of scale points

Rater errors

Measurement Scales

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## Response Types

**Rating scale:**

- Score, without making a direct comparison

**Ranking scale:**

- Make comparison and determine order among two or more properties

**Categorization:**

- Place into groups or categories

**Sorting:**

- Sort using established criteria

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## Number of Dimensions

**Unidimensional:**  
One attribute

**Multi-dimensional:**  
Combined multiple  
attributes into one  
measure

Measurement Scales

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## Balanced or Unbalanced Scales

- **Balanced Scale** - has an equal number of categories Above and Below the Midpoint

Very bad  
 Bad  
 Neither good nor bad  
 Good  
 Very good

- **Unbalanced Scale** - has an unequal number of favorable and unfavorable response choices

Poor  
 Fair  
 Good  
 Very good  
 Excellent

Measurement Scales

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## Forced or Unforced Choices

- Unforced – provides “No Opinion” choice
- Forces – requires a choice

- Very bad
- Bad
- Neither good nor bad
- Good
- Very good

- Very bad
- Bad
- Neither good nor bad
- Good
- Very good
- No opinion
- Don't know

Measurement Scales

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## Number of Scale Points

- 3-point scale
  - Better than average – Average – Worse than average
- 5, 7, 11 point scales

- Very bad
- Bad
- Neither good nor bad
- Good
- Very good

- Very bad
- Somewhat bad
- A little bad
- Neither good nor bad
- A little good
- Somewhat good
- Very good

Measurement Scales

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## Rate Errors

**Error of  
central tendency**  
**Error of leniency**

- Adjust strength of descriptive adjectives
- Space intermediate descriptive phrases farther apart
- Provide smaller differences in meaning between terms near the ends of the scale
- Use more scale points

Measurement Scales

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## Rate Errors (cont.)

**Primacy Effect**  
**Recency Effect**

**Reverse order of  
alternatives periodically  
or randomly**

Measurement Scales

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## Rate Errors (cont.)

**Halo Effects**

**Rate one trait  
at a time**

**Reveal one trait  
per page**

**Reverse anchors  
periodically**

Measurement Scales

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## Simple Category Scale

Simple attitude scale

- Dichotomous
- Data type: nominal



**I plan to purchase a MindWriter laptop in the  
12 months.**

- Yes
- No

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## Multiple-Choice, Single-Response Scale

- Check list
- Select one or several
- Data type: nominal



What newspaper do you read most often for financial news?

- East City Gazette
- West City Tribune
- Regional newspaper
- National newspaper
- Other (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Measurement Scales

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## Multiple-Choice, Multiple-Response Scale

- Check list
- Data type: nominal



What sources did you use when designing your new home? Please check all that apply.

- Online planning services
- Magazines
- Independent contractor/builder
- Designer
- Architect
- Other (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Measurement Scales

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## Likert Scale

- Summated rating scale
- Data: interval



The Internet is superior to traditional libraries for comprehensive searches.

- Strongly disagree (1)
- Disagree (2)
- Neither agree nor disagree (3)
- Agree (4)
- Strongly agree (5)

Measurement Scales

## Semantic Differential (SD) Scale

- Measures the psychological meaning of an attitude object using bipolar adjective.
- For studies of brand and institute image
- Data: interval

Lands' End Catalog

FAST \_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_: SLOW  
HIGH QUALITY \_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_:\_\_\_: LOW QUALITY

Measurement Scales

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## Adapting SD Scale

### Convenience of Reaching the Store from Your Location

Nearby	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Distant
Short time required to reach store	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Long time required to reach store
Difficult drive	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Easy Drive
Difficult to find parking place	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Easy to find parking place
Convenient to other stores I shop	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Inconvenient to other stores I shop

### Products offered

Wide selection of different kinds of products	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Limited selection of different kinds of products
Fully stocked	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Understocked
Undependable products	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Dependable products
High quality	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Low quality
Numerous brands	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Few brands
Unknown brands	_ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	Well-known brands

Measurement Scales

## SD Scale for Analyzing Industry Association Candidates

**Analyze (candidate) for current position:**

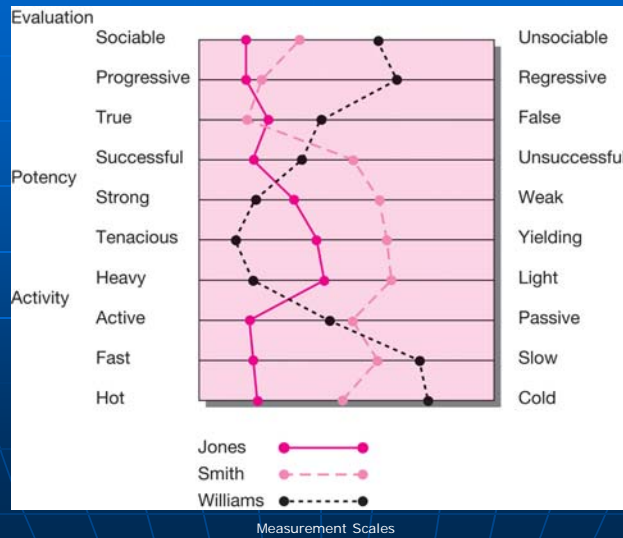
(E)	Sociable	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) Unsociable
(P)	Weak	(1): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(7) Strong
(A)	Active	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) Passive
(E)	Progressive	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) Regressive
(P)	Yielding	(1): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(7) Tenacious
(A)	Slow	(1): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(7) Fast
(E)	True	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) False
(P)	Heavy	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) Light
(A)	Hot	(7): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(1) Cold
(E)	Unsuccessful	(1): _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ : _ :	(7) Successful

- E – Evaluation, P – Potency, A – Activity scales are mixed

Measurement Scales

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## Graphic (snake diagram) of SD Analysis - Reordered



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## Numerical Scale Examples

- Have equal intervals that separate their numeric scale points
- Data: Ordinal or Interval

EXTREMELY FAVORABLE	5	4	3	2	1	EXTREMELY UNFAVORABLE
Employee's cooperation in teams						___
Employee's knowledge of task						___
Employee's planning effectiveness						___

Measurement Scales

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## Multiple Rating List Scales

- Data: interval



“Please indicate how important or unimportant each service characteristic is”:

	IMPORTANT					UNIMPORTANT	
Fast, reliable repair	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Service at my location	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Maintenance by manufacturer	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Knowledgeable technicians	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Notification of upgrades	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Service contract after warranty	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

Measurement Scales

## Constant-Sum Scales

- Data: ratio



“Taking all the supplier characteristics we’ve just discussed and now considering cost, what is their relative importance to you (dividing 100 units between)”:

Being one of the lowest-cost suppliers

All other aspects of supplier performance

Sum 100

Measurement Scales

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## Staple Scales

- Similar to Semantic Differential scales
- Three attributes of corporate image, each attribute requires a scale with bipolar label
- Data: ordinal or Interval

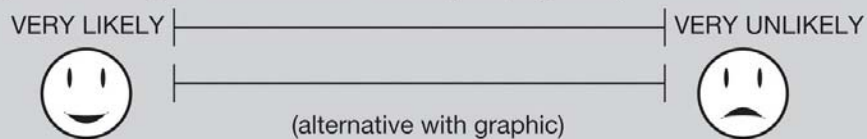
(Company Name)		
+5	+5	+5
+4	+4	+4
+3	+3	+3
+2	+2	+2
+1	+1	+1
Technology Leader	Exciting Products	World-Class Reputation
-1	-1	-1
-2	-2	-2
-3	-3	-3
-4	-4	-4
-5	-5	-5

Measurement Scales

## Graphic Rating Scales

- Enable measurement of finer difference
- Data: ordinal, interval or ratio

“How likely are you to recommend CompleteCare to others?” (Place an X at the position along the line that best reflects your judgment.)



## Ranking Scales

- **Paired-comparison scale**
  - Allow expressing attitudes unambiguously by choosing between two objects
- **Forced ranking scale**
  - Faster than paired comparisons and is usually easier and more motivating to the participant
- **Comparative scale**

Measurement Scales

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## Paired-Comparison Scale (Exhibit 12-10)

- Data: Ordinal



“For each pair of two-seat sports cars listed, place a check beside the one you would most prefer if you had to choose between the two.”

BMW Z4 M Coupe  
 Porsche Cayman S

Chevrolet Corvette Z06  
 Porsche Cayman S

Chevrolet Corvette Z06  
 BMW Z4 M Coupe

Porsche Cayman S  
 Dodge Viper SRT10

Chevrolet Corvette Z06  
 Dodge Viper SRT10

Dodge Viper SRT10  
 BMW Z4 M Coupe

Measurement Scales

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## Forced Ranking Scale

- Data: Ordinal



“Rank the radar detection features in your order of preference. Place the number 1 next to the most preferred, 2 by the second choice, and so forth.”

- \_\_\_ User programming
- \_\_\_ Cordless capability
- \_\_\_ Small size
- \_\_\_ Long-range warning
- \_\_\_ Minimal false alarms

Measurement Scales

## Comparative Scale



“Compared to your previous hair dryer’s performance, the new one is”:

SUPERIOR

ABOUT THE SAME

INFERIOR

\_\_\_  
1

\_\_\_  
2

\_\_\_  
3

\_\_\_  
4

\_\_\_  
5

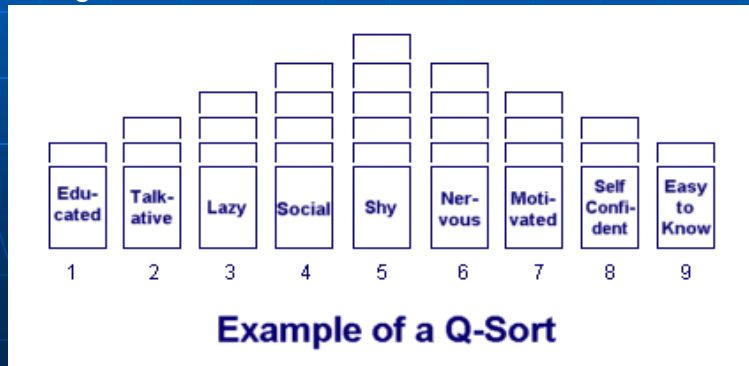
Measurement Scales

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## Sorting – Example of a Q-sort

- Solve three special problems: Item selection, Structured or unstructured choices in sorting, or Data analysis
- Involve the selection of a set of verbal statements, phrases, single words, or photos related the concept being studied

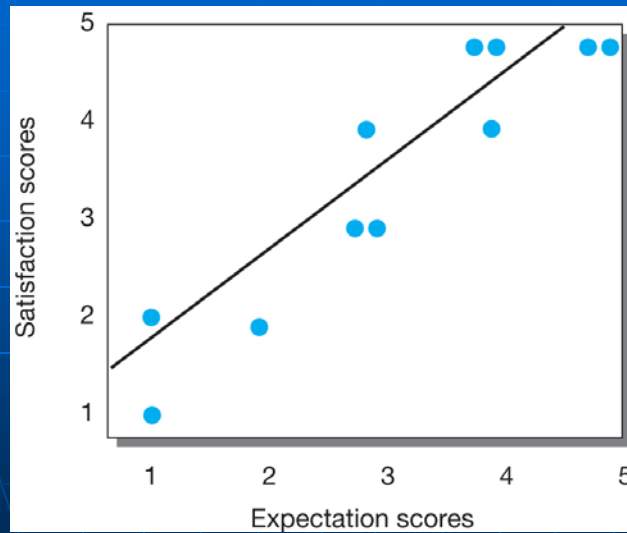


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### Exhibit 12-12 Alternative Scales Considered for MindWriter

Likert Scale				
<b>The problem that prompted service/repair was resolved</b>				
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
1	2	3	4	5
Numerical Scale (MindWriter's Favorite)				
<b>To what extent are you satisfied that the problem that prompted service/repair was resolved?</b>				
Very Dissatisfied				Very Satisfied
1	2	3	4	5
Hybrid Expectation Scale				
<b>Resolution of the problem that prompted service/repair.</b>				
Met Few Expectations	Met Some Expectations	Met Most Expectations	Met All Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
1	2	3	4	5

### Exhibit 12-13 Plot of MindWriter Scale Evaluation



Measurement Scales

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### Cumulative Scales

- Total scores on cumulative scales have the same meaning.
- Given a person's total score, it is possible to estimate which items were answered positively and negatively
- A pioneering scale: Saclegram Analysis
  - For discovering highly structured attitudes and behaviors
    - Social distance
    - Organizational hierarchies
    - Evolutionary product stages

Measurement Scales

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## Exhibit 12-14 Ideal Sclogram Response Pattern

- Assume we are surveying opinion regarding a new Laptop computer and have developed a preference scale of four items:
  1. myLaptop is good-looking.
  2. I will insist on myLaptop next time because it is great-looking.
  3. The appearance of myLaptop is acceptable to me.
  4. I prefer the myLaptop style to other styles.

Measurement Scales

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## Exhibit 12-14 Ideal Scalogram Response Pattern

Item				Participant Score
2	4	1	3	
X	X	X	X	4
—	X	X	X	3
—	—	X	X	2
—	—	—	X	1
—	—	—	—	0

\* X = agree; — = disagree.

Measurement Scales

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## Key Terms

- Attitude
- Balanced rating scale
- Categorization
- Comparative scale
- Constant-sum scale
- Cumulative scale
- Error of central tendency
- Error of leniency
- Forced-choice rating scale
- Forced ranking scale
- Graphic rating scale
- Halo effect
- Item analysis
- Likert scale
- Multidimensional scale

Measurement Scales

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## Key Terms

- Multiple-choice, multiple-response scale
- Multiple-choice, single-response scale
- Multiple rating list
- Numerical scale
- Paired-comparison scale
- Q-sort
- Ranking scale
- Rating scale
- Scaling
- Scalogram analysis
- Semantic differential
- Simple category scale

Measurement Scales

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## Key Terms

- **Sorting**
- **Stapel scale**
- **Summated rating scale**
- **Unbalanced rating scale**
- **Unforced-choice rating scale**
- **Unidimensional scale**

Measurement Scales

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## PicProfile: i.Think

Online focus groups

Candid thoughts

Moderator selection is critical



### iThink:: Online Focus Groups

iThink can guide you through the communication nuances of online focus groups and text based research. Whether you need recruiting, hosting, or full moderator support, we have 14+ years experience with chat room research. We're comfortable in the fast paced online environment and can draw out even the most reluctant respondent. Let us explore how the online focus group environment can work for your next project.

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## PicProfile: Online Survey

**Restaurant Evaluation** Exit this survey

1. In the last week, if you ate away from your residence or work, which of the following types of establishments did you patronize? (Check all that apply.)

	Lunch	Dinner
Buffets (Student Dining Room, Golden Corral, Chinese Buffet, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chain Restaurants (Fridays, Applebee's, Cracker Barrel, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fast Food Restaurants (McDonalds, Burger King, Taco Bell, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Local Restaurants (Seasons, Rudy's, Mi Jalapenos, Post95, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pubs/Bars (Buffalo Wild Wings, O'Conner's, McMurray's, Founders, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. When choosing a restaurant for food, rate the importance of each the following factors on your decision.

	1 (Low Importance)	2	3	4	5 (High-Importance)
Comfortable seating	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Type of seating (booth vs. table vs. bar-round, etc.)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Cleanliness	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Menu variety	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Quality of food	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Large portions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Small portions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Competitive price	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Time waiting to be seated	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Supporting a local establishment	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The use of fresh ingredients vs canned or frozen	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Food taste	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vegan or Vegetarian options	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

**Restaurant Evaluation** Exit this survey

The purpose of this survey is to learn more about student attitudes and perceptions of restaurant and entertainment venues and, in particular, of McMurray's and Paddy's Back Door Pizza. The survey will take less than 7 minutes. Your participation will help us better understand how these businesses can serve your future needs.

We appreciate your honest comments, and all information will be kept confidential.

At the end of the survey you may enter your email in a raffle to win a prize.

**>picprofile**

## SnapShot: Paired Comparison

**“We now estimate that Americans with disabilities currently spent \$13.2 billion in travel expenditures and that amount would at least double [to \$27.2 billion] if travel businesses were more attuned to the needs of those with disabilities.”**



Measurement Scales

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# Summary